Northeast Regions: Summary of Key Nutrition Findings, Post Deyr (Nov-Dec) 2010-11						
		arakaar ne (N=659)	Coastal Deeh Livelihood Zone (N=670)		Nugal Valley Zone (N=516)	Livelihood
Indicator	Results %	Outcome	Results %	Outcome	Results %	Outcome
Child Nutrition Status						
Global Acute Malnutrition (WHO 2006) Boys Girls	11.1 (8.0-15.1) 11.9 10.1	Serious	12.5 (10.5-14.9) 15.2 9.4	Serious	10.3 (7.0-14.8) 10.7 9.8	Serious
Severe Acute Malnutrition (WHO 2006) Boys Girls	2.1 (1.2-3.9) 2.3 2.0	Acceptable	2.8 (1.7-4.6) 3.0 2.6	Acceptable	1.0 (0.4-2.3) 0.7 1.2	Acceptable
Mean WHZ (WHO, 2006)	-0.53±1.18	Alert	-0.66±1.25	Alert	-0.63 (±1.14)	Alert
Global Acute Malnutrition (NCHS)	9.9 (7.3-13.2)	Alert	12.7 (10.6-15.2)	Serious	11.0 (7.6-15.6)	Serious
Severe Acute Malnutrition (NCHS)	1.1 (0.5-2.4)	Acceptable	1.5 (0.8- 2.9)	Acceptable	0.6 (0.2-1.8)	Acceptable
Global Acute Malnutrition by MUAC (<12.5 cm or oedema) Boys Girls	5.8((3.8-8.6) 4.2 7.5	Serious	5.5 (4.0- 7.5) 6.1 4.9	Serious	4.2 (2.5-6.0) 3.7 (1.3-6.1) 4.9 (1.6-8.2)	Acceptable
Severe Acute malnutrition by MUAC (<11.5 cm or oedema)	0.3 (0.0-2.4)	Serious	1.9 (1.2- 3.1)	Critical	1.2 (0.3-2.0)	Serious
Proportion of children Stunted (HAZ<-2) Boys Girls	12.3 (8.9-16.7) 12.7 11.8	Acceptable	16.7 (13.3-20.8) 19.1 14.0	Acceptable	17.1 (11.4-22.8) 19.3 (10.2-28.4) 6.1 (2.4-9.9)	Serious
Proportion of children Underweight (WAZ<-2) Boys Girls	12.6 (9.6-16.5) 15.6 9.2	Alert	13.5 (10.4-17.4) 14.2 12.7	Alert	9.9 (6.7-13.1) 11.4 (6.5-16.3) 8.2 (4.1-12.3)	Alert
HIS Nutrition Trends(June – December 2010)	Low <10%) levels and stable trends	Serious	N/A		Low (<5%) and increasing trend of malnourished children in MCHs	Alert
Proportion of acutely malnourished registered in SFs	2.7	Very Critical	1.3	Critical	0	
Child Morbidity & Immunization						
Disease trends (seasonally adjusted) Morbidity refers to the proportion of children reported to be ill in the 2 weeks prior to the survey	Outbreak – None Morbidity –43.1 Diarrhoea -17.8 Pneuonia-21.4 Fever-26.9	Very Critical	Outbreak –None Morbidity–46.2 Diarrhoea- 15.8 Pneumonia-23.3 Fever-23.4	Very Critical	Outbreak -None Morbidity- 40.4 Diarrhoea – 13.2 Pneumonia- 15.1	Very Critical
Immunization Status	Vitamin A –80.9 Measles – 77.1	Alert	Vitamin A– 72.2 Measles- 79.3	Alert	Vitamin A – 52.5 Measles – 55.3	Critical
Infant and Young child feeding	N=220		N=228			
Proportion still breastfeeding	44.5	Critical	42.7	Critical	21.1	Critical
Proportion meeting recommended feeding frequencies	35.0	Critical	32.0	Very Critical	22.3	Critical
Proportion who reported to have consumed <4 food groups	2.0	Very Critical	24.8	Critical	17.1	Critical
Death Rates						
Crude death per 10,000 per day (retrospective for 90 days)	0.13 (0.05-0.42)	Acceptable	0.38 (0.20070)	Acceptable	0.53 (0.32-0.92)	Acceptable
Under five deaths per 10,000 per day (retrospective for 90 days)	0.30 (0.51-2.99)	Acceptable	1.01 (0.51-2.0)	Acceptable	0.61 (0.20-1.87)	Acceptable
Women Nutrition & Immunization Status	N=395		N=439			
Proportion of acutely malnourished non pregnant/lactating women (MUAC≤18.5 cm)	0.5 N=215	Acceptable	0.4 N=194	Acceptable	2.0	Acceptable
Proportion of acutely malnourished pregnant/lactating women (MUAC<23.0).	21.7 N=180	Serious	10.3 N=249	Alert	22.9	Serious
Proportion of Women who received Tetanus Immunization No dose One dose Two doses Three doses	17.5 18.8 31.6 32.1	Alert	N=444 24.3 16.7 27.0 31.9	Critical	45.0 20.1 17.9 16.2	Serious
Public Health Indicators	N=420		N=448		N=	

Household with access to sanitation facilities	61.7	Critical	61.5	Very Critical	30.3	Critical
Household with access to safe water	49.8	Very Critical	67.4	Critical	19.9	Very Critical
Food Security	N=420		N=448		N=	
Proportion who reported to have consumed <4 food groups	6.7	Alert	2.5 (0.6-4.2)	Alert	17.3	Critical
Household's Main Food Source		Acceptable		Acceptable		
Own production	0.9		-		-	
Purchase:	98.8		99.1		94.4	
Borrowing	0.2		-			
Food security phase	AFLC		AFLC		BFI	
Overall Situation Analysis	Serious		Serious		Serious	

Northeast: Summary of key Findings in Sool Plateau Livelihood Zone, Post Deyr (Nov-Dec) 2010-11 N=624					
Indicator	Results	Outcome			
Child Nutrition Status					
Global Acute Malnutrition (WHZ<-2 or oedema)	8.3 (6.0-11.4) 11.0	Alert			
Boys Girls	5.4				
Severe Acute Malnutrition (WHZ<-3 or oedema)	1.6 (0.8-3.1)	Acceptable			
Boys	1.8	1			
Girls	1.3				
Mean of Weight for Height Z Scores	-0.46	Alert			
Oedema	0.6	Acceptable			
Global Acute Malnutrition (NCHS) Severe Acute Malnutrition (NCHS)	7.9 (5.6-10.9)	Alert			
Acute malnutrition by MUAC (<12.5 cm or oedema)	0.8 (0.3-2.2) 2.9 (1.7-5.0)	Acceptable Acceptable			
Boys	1.8	Acceptable			
Girls	4.1				
Severe Acute malnutrition by MUAC (<11.5 cm or oedema	1.3 (0.5-3.1)	Serious			
Stunting (HAZ<-2)	10.6 (7.2-15.3)	Serious			
Boys	12.6				
Girls Underweight (WAZ<-2)	8.4	Serious			
Boys	10.3 (7.1-14.9)	Serious			
Girls	8.8				
HIS Nutrition Trends(June – December 2010)	Low <15% and a stable trend	Serious			
	of acutely malnourished				
	children in MCHs				
D (() () () () () () () () ()	62				
Proportion of acutely malnourished children in SFs Child Morbidity & Immunization	6.3				
Disease trends (seasonally adjusted)	Morbidity- 48.9 Diarrhoea –	Very Critical			
Morbidity refers to the proportion of children reported to be ill in the 2 weeks	19.4	very errucar			
prior to the survey	Pneumonia- 18.0				
Immunization Status	Vitamin A – 60.6	Critical			
	Measles – 68.9				
Infant and Young Child Feeding					
Proportion still breastfeeding	44.2	Serious			
Proportion meeting recommended feeding frequencies	47.6	Critical			
Proportion who reported to have consumed <4 food groups	24.3	Critical			
Death Rates					
Crude death per 10,000 per day (retrospective for 90 days)	0.45 (0.25-0.80)	Acceptable			
Under five deaths per 10,000 per day retrospective for 90 days)	1.1 (0.49-2.47)	Alert			
Women Nutrition and Immunization Status					
Proportion of acutely malnourished non pregnant/lactating women (MUAC	2.2	Alert			
<18.5 cm)					
Proportion of acutely malnourished pregnant and lactating women	19.0	Serious			
(MUAC<23.0) Proportion of Women who received Tetanus immunization		Corious			
No dose	23.2	Serious			
One dose	20.4				
Two doses	28.2				
Three doses	28.2				
Public Health Indicators					
Household with access to sanitation facilities	66.1	Serious			
Household with access to safe water	22.4	Very Critical			
Food Security					
Proportion who reported to have consumed <4 food groups	10.1	Alert			
Household's Main Food Source					
Own production	_				
Purchase	98.7				
Food security phase	HE	Very Critical			
Overall Risk to Deterioration	Stable	Alert			
Overall Situation Analysis	Alert				
O (Orall Ollumon Final) 515	Alert				