

Food Security and Nutrition Analysis Unit Somalia

Information for Better Livelihoods



Post Gu 2010

Presentation

August 18th 2010

Central



















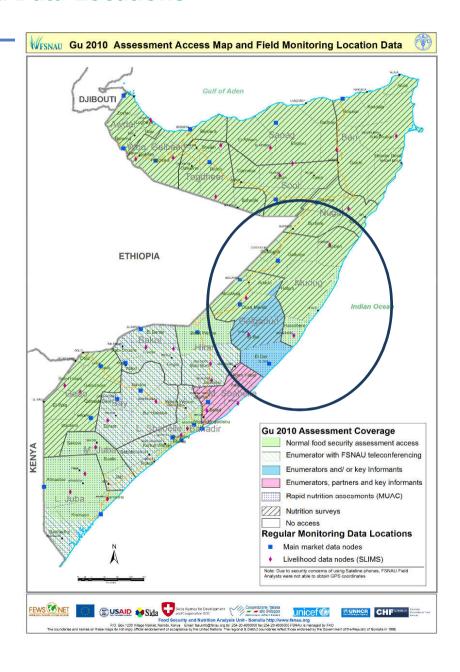
WFSNAU

Gu 2010 Seasonal Assessment Coverage

Field Access and Field Data Locations

Gu '10 Field Coverage in Central regions:

- Normal access in Hawd and Addun LHZs:
- Partial access in Coastal and Cowpea Belt LHZs
- Enumerator, Key informants with **FSNAU** Teleconferencing



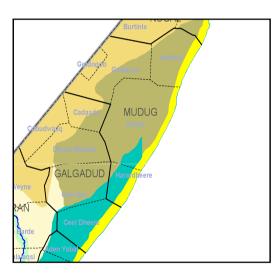




Main Livelihood Groups

Sources of Food and Income

Livelihood Zones



Livelihood Groups & Main Sources of Food and Income

- 3 Pastoral Livelihoods (Hawd, Addun, Coastal Deeh Pastoralists)
- ☐ Primary sources of income of poor: sale of livestock, livestock products and bush product
- ☐ Primary sources of food of poor: purchase
- Primary livelihood asset of poor: camel, sheep/goat;

• Central Agropastoral Livelihood: Cowpea, Sheep & Goats, Camel, Cattle (South Mudug, Galgadud). Farm size is 3-4 Ha and mostly reserved for fodder use for own livestock. Cowpea Agropastoral are more pastoral than agriculturalists. Main sources of income: sale of livestock & livestock products, crop sales and bush product sales. Main source of food: purchase and own production (cowpea).





Climate

Performance of the Gu 2010 Rainfall

Overall Statement: Normal rains in Hawd/Addun and below normal rains in Coastal Deeh and Cowpea Belt.

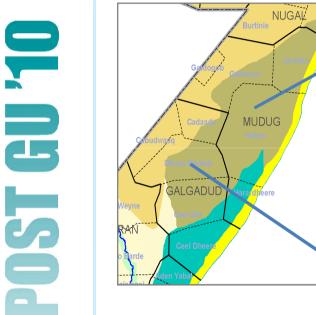
- Start of Season: started on time
- <u>Temporal and Spatial Distribution</u>: started in April and continued through early June '10. Rainfall performance was good to average in Hawd, most parts of Addun, parts of Cowpea Belt. However, large parts in Cowpea Belt and Coastal Deeh received below average precipitation. The cumulative rainfall was (75-125 mm) in Hawd/Addun.
- Poor rainfall in Coastal and large parts of Cowpea Belt LZs was followed by long dry spell in May and June; cumulative rainfall received is (50-125mm)

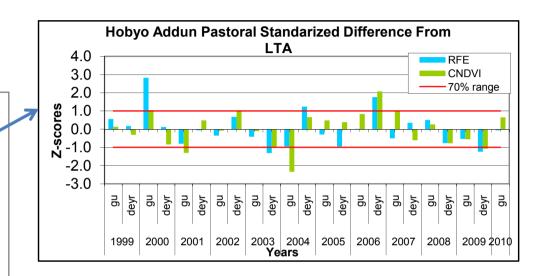


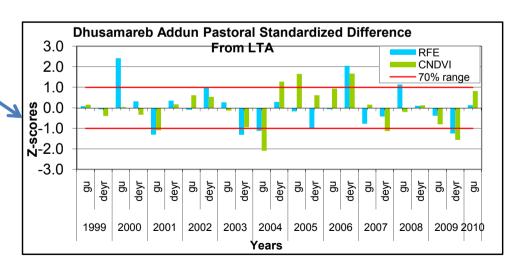
FSNAU

Climate

Vegetation Conditions









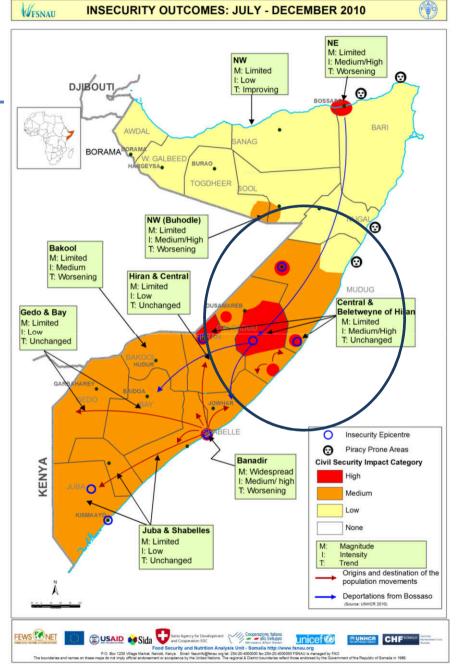
Civil Insecurity

> Civil Security Situation

- High political confrontation among opposing parties
- Continuous armed clashes between opposing parties;
- Chronic conflict centres in Dhusamareb, Elbur and Elder towns;
- Resource based conflicts in rural settlements including Hobyo;
- Security worsened in Dhusamareb and Elder and likely to spread into new zones;

➤ Direct and Indirect Impacts on Food Security & Nutrition

- Medium impact & short-term restrictions on population and trade movement in main towns in south Galgaduud and surrounding villages;
- High impact and long-term restrictions on population and trade movement and increased IDP concentration in Dhusamareb, Elder and Galkacyo districts due to the on-going clashes



Source: FSNAU & Protection Cluster



Gu '10 Crop Production Estimates

POST GU '10

Cowpea Belt of Central							
	Gu '10 Production in MT						
Regions	Maize	Sorghum	Cowpea	Total			
Galgadud	0	0	750	750			
Mudug	0	0	305	305			
TOTAL	0	0	1,055	1,055			



Gu '10 Assessment Photos

Failure of cowpea crop harvest in Haradere , July 2010



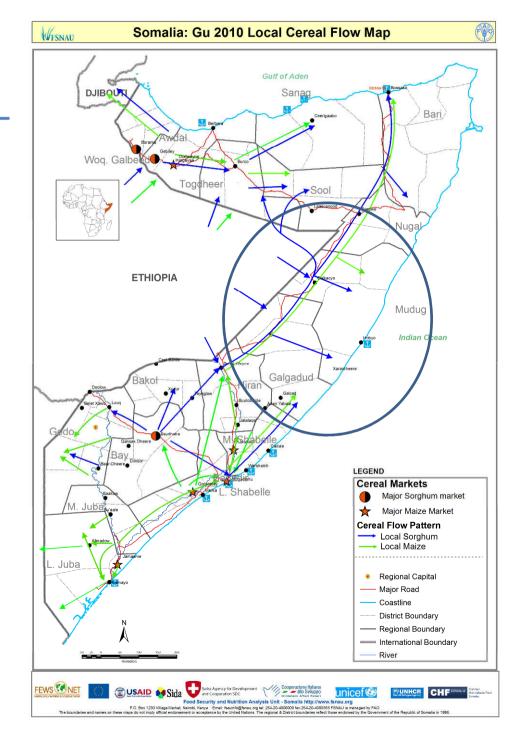
Failure of cowpea crop harvest in Hobyo, July 2010





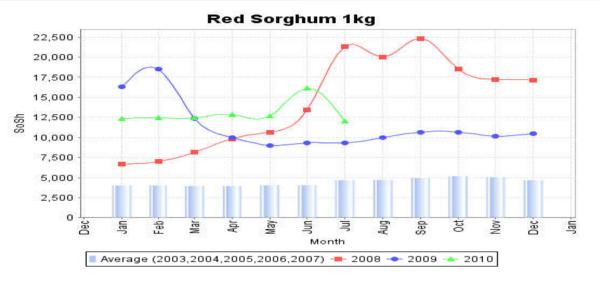
POST GU '10

Gu 2010 Local Cereal Flow





Regional Trends in Cereal Prices & Terms of Trade



Regional Trend in Cereal Prices (Sorghum)



Regional Trends in Terms of trade: Daily Labor rate to Sorghum

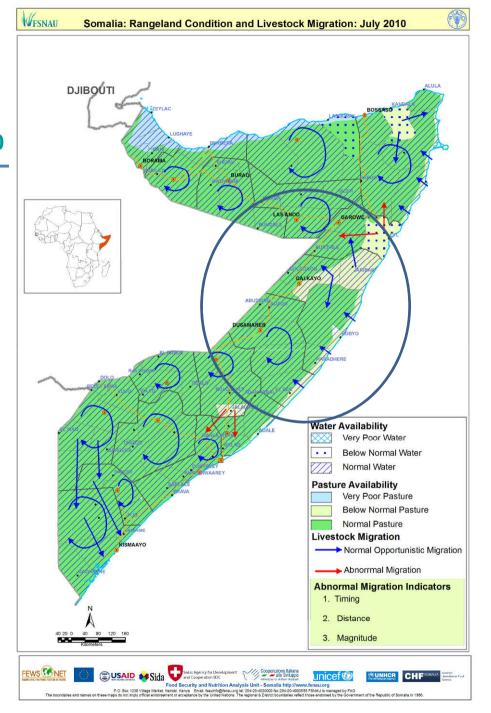
(Sorghum kg /daily wage)



Rangeland Conditions and Livestock Migration, *Gu* '10

Average to good rainfall performance in Hawd and Addun and normal to below normal rains in Cowpea Belt and Coastal Deeh leading to:

- Improved rangeland and water conditions in Hawd and Addun
- Slightly below average rangeland and water condition in Cowpea belt and poor rangeland condition in Coastal Deeh.
- Good livestock body condition for camel and shoats in all LZs



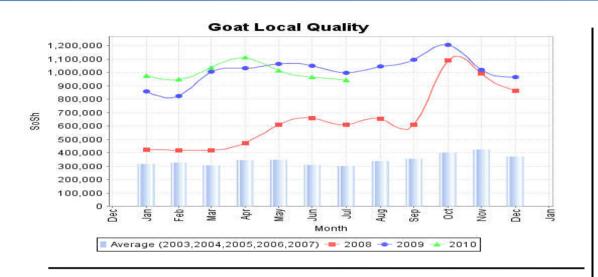


Trends in Livestock Holdings and Milk Production

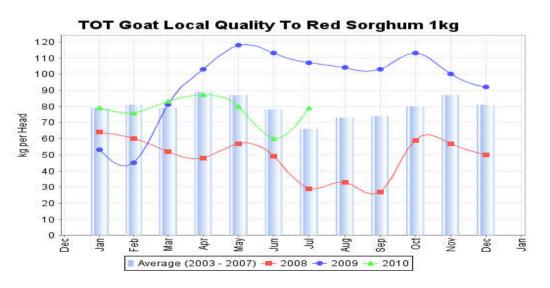
Region	Conception	Calving/kidding (Gu '10)	Milk production (Gu '10)	Expected calving/	Herd Size Projections in (June – Dec '10)		
	(Gu '10)			kidding July - Dec '10	Livelihoods	Livestock species	
Galgadud & south Mudug	Camel: High to Medium Cattle: Medium in Coastal and Cowpea Belt Sh/Goats: High to medium	Camel: None to Low Cattle: Low to None in Coastal and Cowpea Belt Sheep/goats: Medium except Addun of Galkacyo and Hawd of Galgadud	Average except Addun of Galkacyo and Hawd of Galgadud	Camel: Low to None Cattle: Medium in Coastal and Cowpea Belt Sheep/goats: High to Medium	Addun Pastoral Hawd Pastoral Cowpea Belt & Coastal Deeh	Camel: Below Baseline. Decreased by 7% between Jan – Jun '10 and is expected to decrease by 1% till Dec. '10 Sheep/goat: Below Baseline. Increased by 10% between Jan – Jun '10 and further increase by 3% is expected till Dec. '10 Camel: Near Baseline. Decreased by 3% from Baseline in June '10 and is expected to increase by 1% in Dec. '10. Sheep/Goats: Same as Baseline. Expected to increase by 3% in Dec. '10 Camel: Near Baseline. Same as in Dec. '09, and is expected to remain the same till Dec. '10 Shoats: Near Baseline. Same as in Dec. '09 and is expected to increase	



Regional Trends in Local Goat Prices & Terms of Trade



Regional Trends: Local Quality Goat price



Regional Trends in Terms of Trade:

Cereal to Goat

(Sorghum kg/head)



Gu '10 Assessment Photos



Livestock return from outmigration, July 2010, Lasxadow, Dhusamareb, Galgadud



Cattle grazing, July 2010, Hobyo, Mudug



Improved goat body condition, Galkacyo, Mudug region



Improved camel body condition, Abudwak, Galgadud region



WFSNAU

Livestock

Gu '10 Assessment Photos



Drought Affected Pastoralists in Camps in Guricel, Galgadud region, July 2010



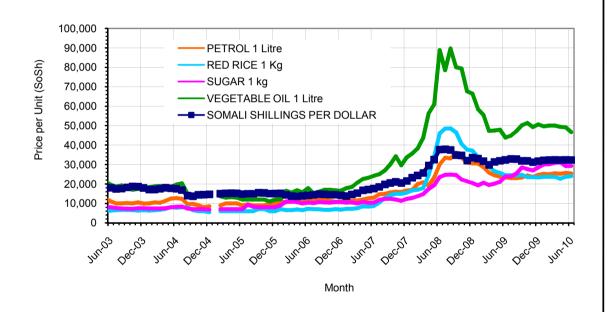
Drought Affected Pastoralists in Abudwak, Galgadud region, July 2010



Markets

Trends in Imported Commodity Prices

Central Region: Trend in Imported Commodity Prices compared to Exchange Rate



Slightly Declined Import Commodity Prices (last six months)

Factors Affecting Commercial Import Prices:

- Declining global prices
- Relatively stable SoSh exchange rate
- Increased local cereal market supply due to good production in the South
- Reduced demand for imported cereals



Nutrition

Summary of Nutrition Findings

Region	Nutrition Surveys (March – July 10)	Rapid MUAC Screening (% <12.5cm)	Health Information System Info	TFC/OTP/ SFC	Other relevant information – Key driving factors	Summary of analysis and change from Deyr '09/10
Central Galgad Ud & S.Mudug)	Hawd Pastoral GAM of 15.3%& SAM:3.9%;Oedema : 0.3% CMR: 1.07/ 10,000/day and U5MR: 1.78/10.000 (FSNAU/ Partners, May '10,, R=1). Addun Pastoral •GAM:22.8% •SAM: 7.1% •CMR:0.52/10,000/d ay&U5MR:1.74/10,0 00/day;; FSNAU/ Partners, May'10, R=1).	N/A	Low proportion but increasing trend reported (FSNAU, HIS, J an-June '10,R=3)	High and stable(FSNAU,, Jan-June '10 ,R= 3	•Insecurity/Displacements &limited interventions. •-(Over 19% of HHs in Addun hosting displaced persons) •Poor roads in Addun ,cowpea & Coastal •High morbidity& Suboptimal child feeding •Low access to safe water 31.7% &36.9% latrine 50% &39.9% in Hawd and Addun respectively •Limited asset holdings e.g marketable animals and no out migration options in Adduun •Reduced milk consumption , in cowpea	Hawd –Critical sustained with slight improvement from Deyr '09 Addun – deteriorated from post Deyr '09 Critical phase to Very Critical Cow Pea: Likely –Critical – deteriorated from
	Cowpea Belt: No Survey	11.3	High and decreasing trends	N/A	belt and coatal Mitigating factors Increased access to milk in Hawd. Improved access to roads and intervention in Hawd	post Deyr '09 serious phase <u>Coastal Deeh</u> Likely Serious -
	Coastal Deeh GAM:10.8%& SAM:<2.2%; (FSNAU/ partners, May '10 R=1).	6.5	N/A	N/A	Better asset holding in Hawd Hawd Active social support e.g. in-kind or cash	deteriorated from post Deyr'09 Alert phase

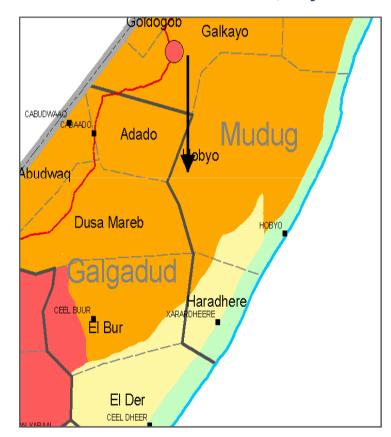


POST GU '1

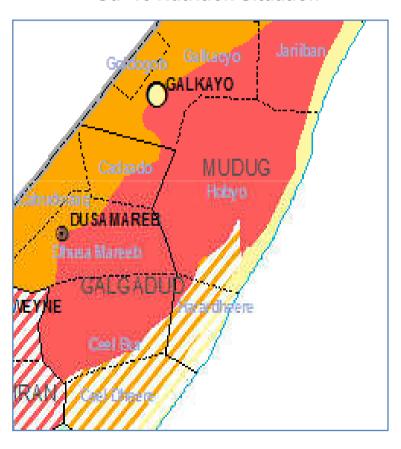
Nutrition

Nutrition Situation Estimates

Nutrition Situation Estimates, Deyr '09/10



Gu '10 Nutrition Situation

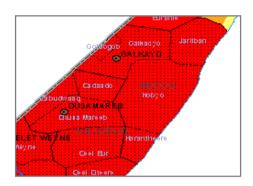




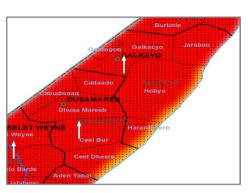
IPC

Summary: Progression of Rural IPC Situation

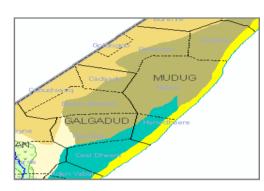
MAP 1: IPC Deyr 2009/10



MAP 2: IPC Gu 2010



MAP 3: LIVELIOOD ZONES



Key IPC Reference Outcomes: Hawd: AFLC: 50% Poor; **HE:** 50% Poor; **Addun: AFLC** 50% Poor & 100% Middle, **HE:** 50% Poor; **Cowpea belt: AFLC:** 50% Poor & 75% Middle, **HE:** 50%

Poor; Coastal Deeh: AFLC: 50% Poor

- <u>Acute malnutrition</u>: Critical in Hawd and Cowpea Belt and Very Critical in Addun Pastoral but Serious in Coastal Deeh
- Food Access: Severe entitlement gap, unable to meet 2,100 Kcal ppp day
- Water Access: Average of 6.6 ltrs ppp day (human usage only)
- <u>Destitution/Displacement</u>: Concentrated and increasing (e.g. Galgadud and south Mudug)
- Coping: Distress strategies and increasing in Hawd and Addun
- <u>Livelihood Assets</u>: Near complete & irreversible depletion or loss of assets

Main Contributing Factors:

- ☐ Above average rainfall after 6 consecutive seasons of rain failure in pastoral areas
- ☐ Return of livestock from out-migration since 2008
- ☐ Improved livestock production & reproduction and increased conception rates
- Decreased cowpea production in agropastoral of Central



IPC

Estimated Rural Population in AFLC & HE by Districts

			Assessed and High Risk Population in AFLC and HE					
Central Regions – Affected Districts		UNDP 2005 Rural Population	Deyr 2	009-10	Gu 2010			
			Acute Food and Livelihood Crisis (AFLC)	Humanitarian Emergency (HE)	Acute Food and Livelihood Crisis (AFLC)	Humanitarian Emergency (HE)		
Galgaduud	Cabudwaaq	32,654	3,000	26,000	9,000	8,000		
	Cadaado	36,304	4,000	29,000	12,000	8,000		
	Ceel Buur	66,274	17,000	36,000	36,000	12,000		
	Ceel Dheer	61,407	33,000	8,000	24,000	5,000		
	Dhuusamarreeb	74,441	9,000	55,000	40,000	15,000		
	Rural Sub-total	271,080	66,000	154,000	121,000	48,000		
	Urban	58,977	17,000	11,000	8,000	16,000		
	Regional Total	330,057	83,000	165,000	129,000	64,000		
South Mudug	Gaalkacyo	24,860	3,000	20,000	9,000	4,000		
	Hobyo	54,438	16,000	27,000	25,000	8,000		
	Xarardheere	52,157	21,000	17,000	23,000	6,000		
	Rural Sub-total	131,455	40,000	64,000	57,000	18,000		
	Urban	80,997	28,000	0	19,000	0		
	Regional Total	212,452	68,000	64,000	76,000	18,000		
GRAND TOTAL 542,509		151,000	229,000	205,000	82,000			
TOTAL AFFECTED POPULATION IN AFLC & HE			380,	,000	287,000			



IPC

Estimated Rural Population in AFLC & HE by Livelihood Zone

			Assessed and High Risk Population in AFLC and HE					
Central Regions – Affected Livelihood Zones		Estimated Population of Affected Livelihood Zones	Deyr 20	009-10	Gu 2010			
			Acute Food and Livelihood Crisis (AFLC)	Humanitarian Emergency (HE)	Acute Food and Livelihood Crisis (AFLC)	Humanitarian Emergency (HE)		
Galgaduud	Addun pastoral	123,218	15,000	104,000	79,000	17,000		
	Central Agro-Past	60,944	32,000	8,000	33,000	8,000		
	Ciid (Hawd) Pastoral	41,030	5,000	38,000	5,000	5,000		
	Coastal Deeh: sheep	21,671	12,000	3,000	3,000	0		
	Southern Inland Past	7,453	2,000	1,000	1,000	1,000		
	Destitute pastoralists	16,764	-	-	0	17,000		
	Rural Sub-total	271,080	66,000	154,000	121,000	48,000		
	Urban	58,977	17,000	11,000	8,000	16,000		
	Regional Total	330,057	83,000	165,000	129,000	64,000		
South Mudug	Addun pastoral	41,823	6,000	45,000	34,000	7,000		
	Central Agro-Past	31,750	17,000	4,000	17,000	4,000		
	Coastal Deeh: sheep	29,257	16,000	4,000	4,000	0		
	Hawd Pastoral	16,243	1,000	11,000	2,000	2,000		
	Destitute pastoralists	12,382	-	-	0	5,000		
	Rural Sub-total	131,455	40,000	64,000	57,000	18,000		
	Urban	80,997	28,000	0	19,000	0		
	Regional Total	212,452	68,000	64,000	76,000	18,000		
GRAND TOTAL 542,509			151,000	229,000	205,000	82,000		
TOTAL AFFECTED POPULATION IN AFLC & HE			380,	000	287,000			

The End